Option Schools and GeoZone Analysis

Based on October 1st, 2023 Enrollment Counts

Purpose of the Report

In 2020, Enrollment Planning created a report of Option Schools and GeoZone Demographic Analysis using 2019 enrollment numbers of October 1st headcounts. The report contended that the district saw significant enrollment impacts in 2020 as a result of COVID-19 and remote learning. Despite these impacts, the demographic makeup of option schools continued to be unreflective of their respective GeoZone demographics. In order to gain a better understanding of any possible changes in the last four years, the following report includes a deeper analysis into GeoZone and non-GeoZone student resident demographics. This report is intended to provide updates and more district-level data to provide context for demographic differences in option schools and their GeoZones.

Summary of Findings (GeoZone vs. Non-GeoZone Student Resident Demographics)

- An analysis into GeoZone and non-GeoZone student populations reveals that while
 option school and GeoZone demographics differ substantially, GeoZone and nonGeoZone demographics across the district are markedly similar.
- The report raised questions about whether demographic differences between option schools and their GeoZones are result of low equity of access, the option school choice process, or differing family/student interest in option school programs across demographics. This needs to be exhaustively analyzed with deeper evidence included.

Summary of the Findings (Option School vs. GeoZone Demographics)

Regional Differences

• Three out of four Northwest option schools (John Stanford Int'l, Licton Springs K-8, and McDonald Int'l) have fewer white students and more multi-racial and Hispanic/Latino students than their surrounding GeoZones. Among the Northwest option schools, Salmon Bay K-8 has more white and fewer Multi-racial, Hispanic/Latino and Asian students.

- All three of the Northeast option schools (Cedar Park, Hazel Wolf K-8, and Thornton Creek) overrepresent white students and have fewer Asian and Hispanic/Latino students than their surrounding GeoZones.
- Both Southwest option schools (Pathfinder and Louisa Boren STEM K-8) overrepresent white students and have fewer African American/black and Asian students than their surrounding GeoZones.
- Two out of three Central option schools (Queen Anne and TOPs K-8) have fewer white students than their surrounding GeoZones. Among the Central Option Schools, Center School overrepresent white students and have fewer Multi-racial, Asian, and African American/Black students than surrounding geoZones.
- Two out of three Southeast option schools (Orca K-8 and South Shore PK-8) have fewer
 Asian and Hispanic/Latino students and more African American/black and multi-racial
 students than their surrounding GeoZones. Cleveland STEM overrepresent Asian
 students and have fewer African American/Black, Hispanic/Latino, and White students
 than surrounding GeoZones.

STEM Schools

 All the three STEM option schools (Louisa Boren STEM K-8, Hazel Wolf K-8, and Cleveland STEM) have more multi-racial students in common and underrepresented African American/black students. Two out of the three STEM option schools (Louisa Boren STEM K-8 and Hazel Wolf K-8) overrepresent white students and have fewer Asian students than their surrounding GeoZones.

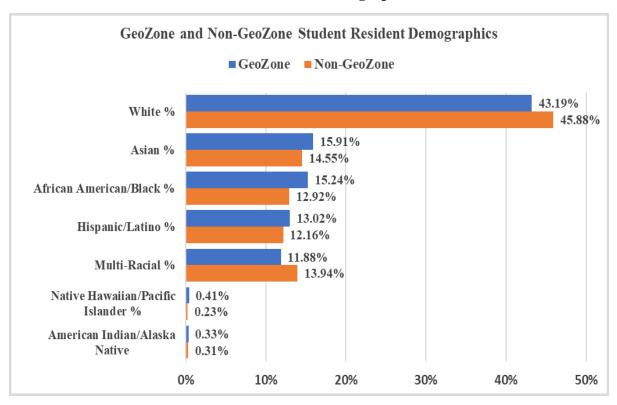
DLI programs

 Both option schools with DLI programs (John Stanford Int'l and McDonald Int'l) have fewer white students and more multi-racial, Hispanic/Latino, and Asian students than their surrounding GeoZones. However, both option schools with DLI programs underrepresent African American/black students.

Expeditionary Learning

• Two out of three option schools with expeditionary learning programs (Pathfinder and Thornton Creek) overrepresent white students and underrepresent students of color.

GeoZone vs. Non-GeoZone Student Resident Demographic Data



Option School Demographic Data (in Alphabetical Order)

